Please write clearly in	ı block capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own wor	k.	
GCSE			
PHYSICS			н

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

Higher Tier

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Paper 1

Instructions

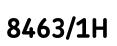
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.







For Examiner's Use

Mark

Question

1

2

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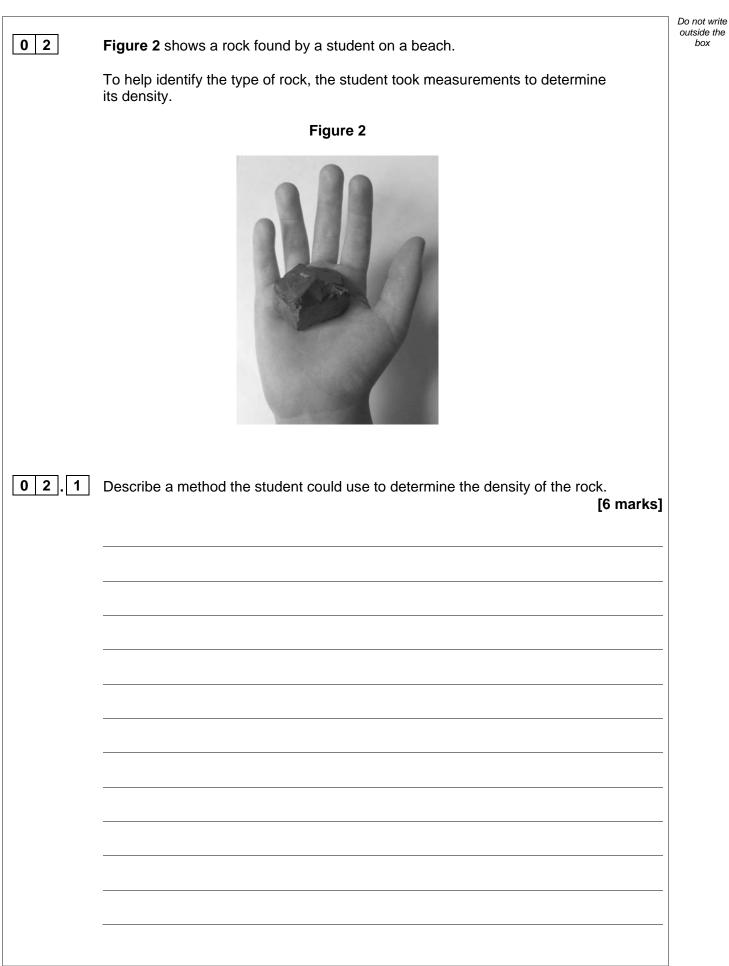
TOTAL

	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	Do not write outside the box
0 1	Figure 1 shows a large wind farm off the coast of the UK.	
	<image/> <text><text></text></text>	
	Give your answer in watts. [2 marks]	
	Mean power needed for 1 home = W	

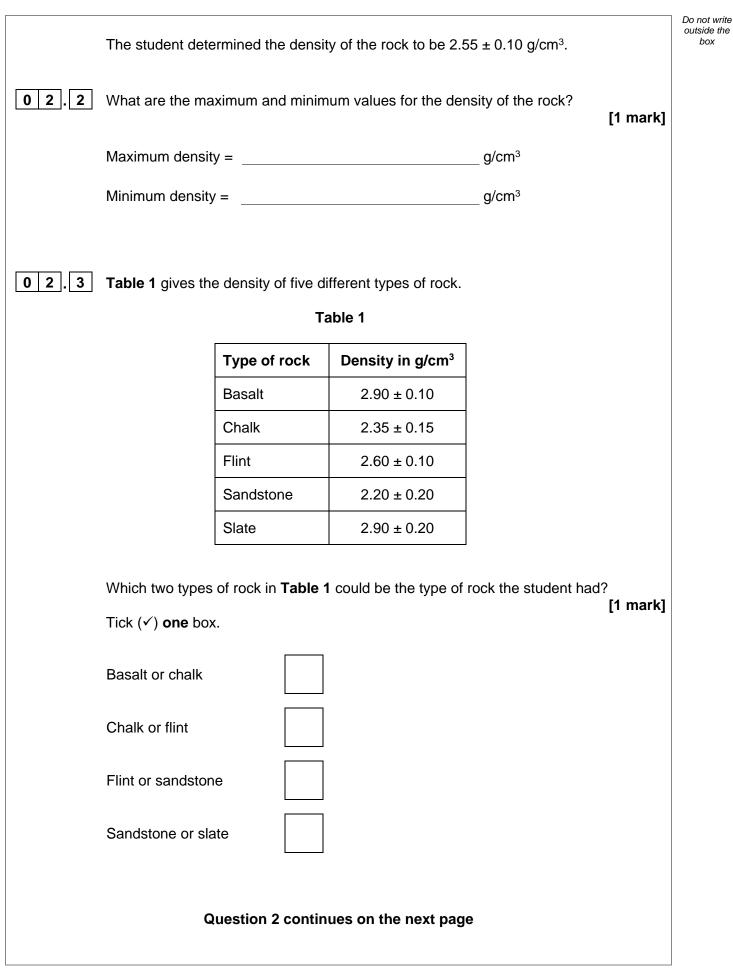


0 1.2	On one day the demand for electricity in the UK was 34 000 MW. Suggest two reasons why wind power was not able to meet this demand.		Do not write outside the box
	1	[2 marks]	
	2		
0 1.3	Some of the energy from the wind used to rotate a wind turbine is wasted. An engineer oils the mechanical parts of a wind turbine.		
	Explain how oiling would affect the efficiency of the wind turbine.	[3 marks]	
0 1 . 4	In most homes in the UK there are many different electrical devices. Explain why people should be encouraged to use energy efficient electrical	devices. [2 marks]	
			9

Turn over ►





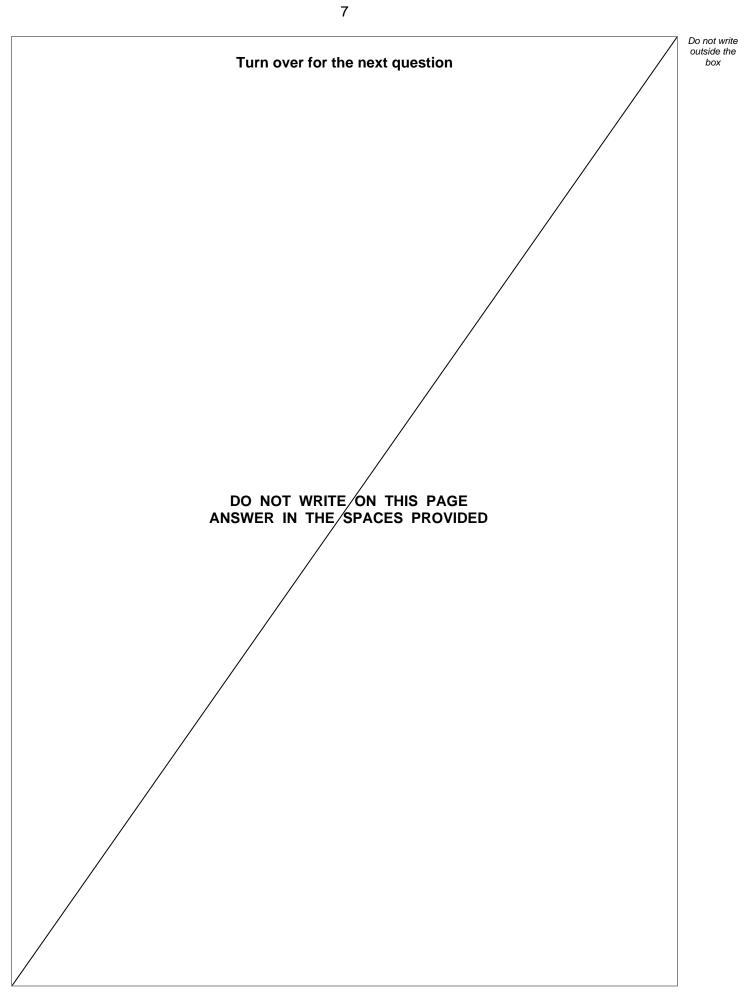




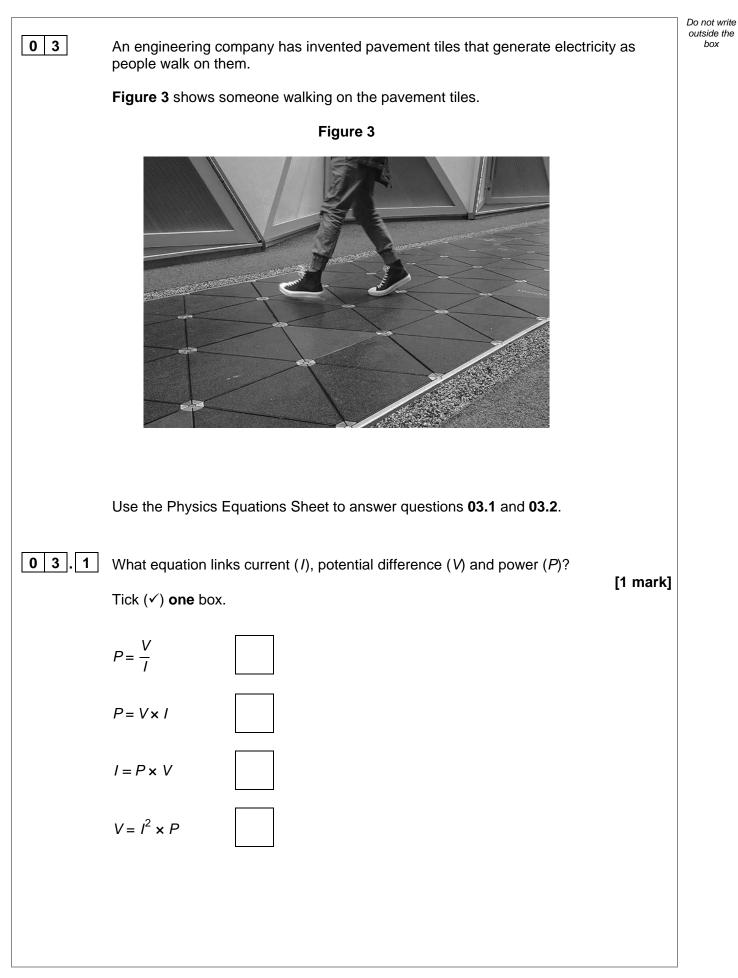


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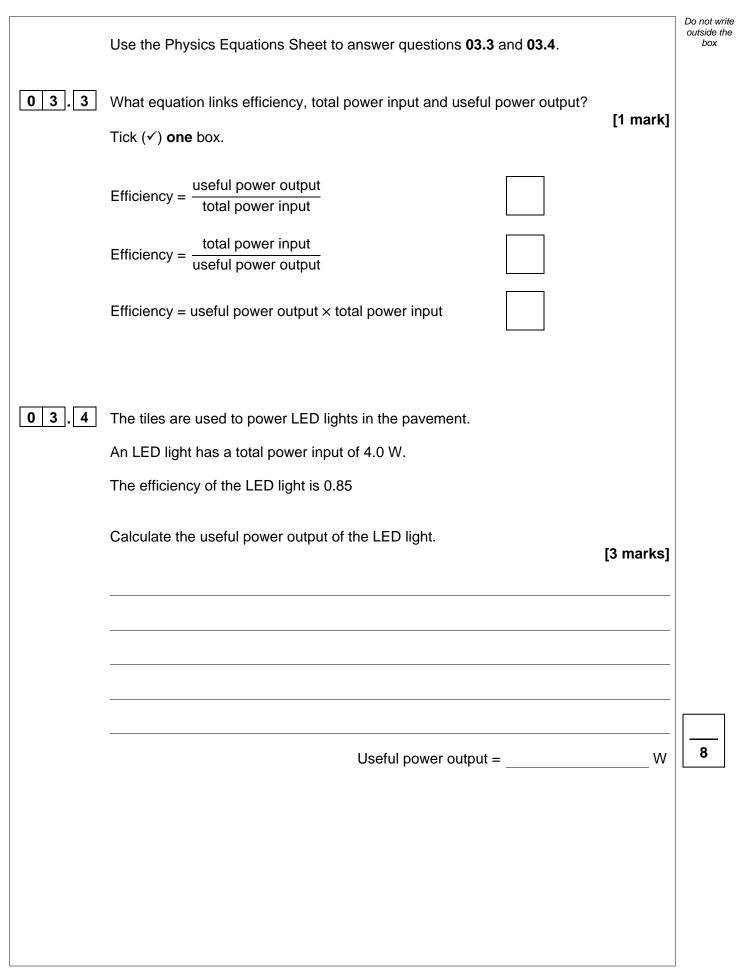




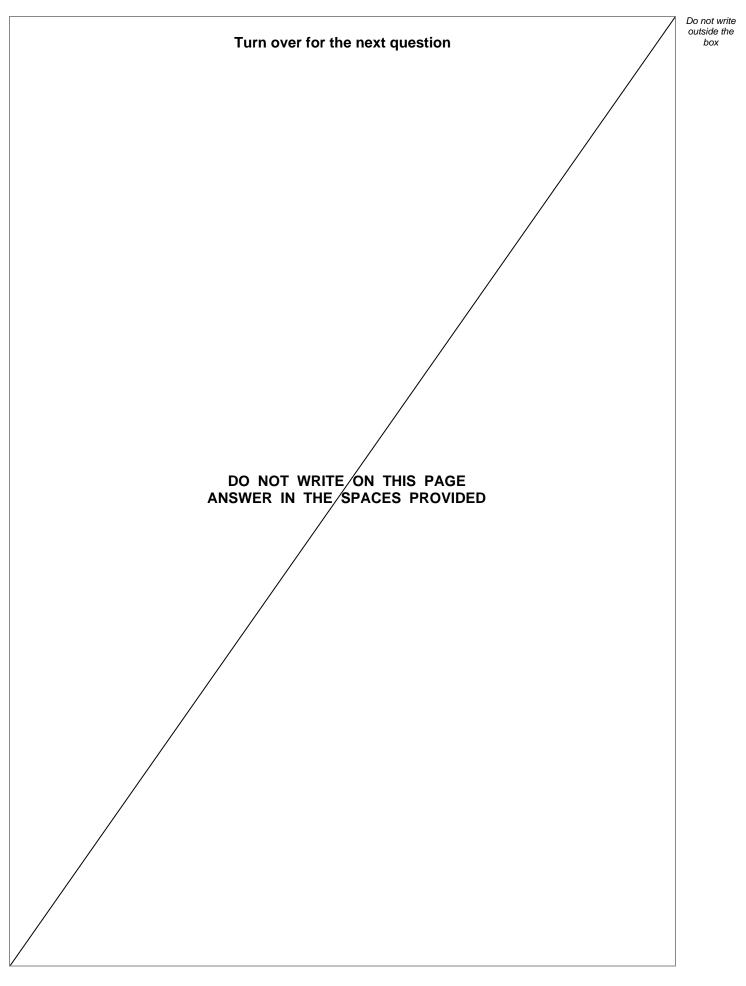


		Do not write outside the
0 3.2	When a person walks on a tile, a potential difference of 40 V is induced across the tile.	box
	The power output of the tile is 4.4 W.	
	Calculate the current in the tile.	
	[3 marks]	
	Current =A	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	











0 4	A student investigated the insulating properties of different materials.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 4 shows some of the equipment used by the student.	
	Figure 4	
	Insulation Hot water	
	This is the method used:	
	1. Wrap insulating material around the can.	
	2. Put a fixed volume of boiling water in the can.	
	3. Place the lid on the top of the can.	
	 Measure the time taken for the temperature of the water to decrease by a fixed amount. 	
	5. Repeat steps 1–4 using the same thickness of different insulating materials.	
04.1	Identify the independent variable and the dependent variable in this investigation. [2 marks]	
	Independent variable	
	Dependent variable	



	The student used two different types of the	ermometer to measure the temperature	Do not write outside the box
	changes.		
	Figure 5 shows a reading on each thermo	meter.	
	Figure 5		
	Thermometer A	Thermometer B	
		87.4 °C	
04.2	What is the resolution of thermometer B ?	[1 mark	1
		Resolution =°C	
04.3	Thermometer A is more likely to be misrea	ad.	
	Give one reason why.	[1 mark	1
		L	1
			-
			-
			-
	Question 4 continues on	the next page	



		Do not!!
04.4	For one type of insulating material, the temperature of the water decreased from 85.0 °C to 65.0 °C.	Do not write outside the box
	The energy transferred from the water was 10.5 kJ.	
	specific heat capacity of water = 4200 J/kg °C	
	Calculate the mass of water in the can.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet. [3 marks]	
	Mass = kg	



	Table 2	
Material	Time for temperature to decrease by 20 °C in seconds	
Х	450	
Y	745	
the two materials.	esults in Table 2 can be used to compare the the	[2 marks]
	Turn over for the next question	
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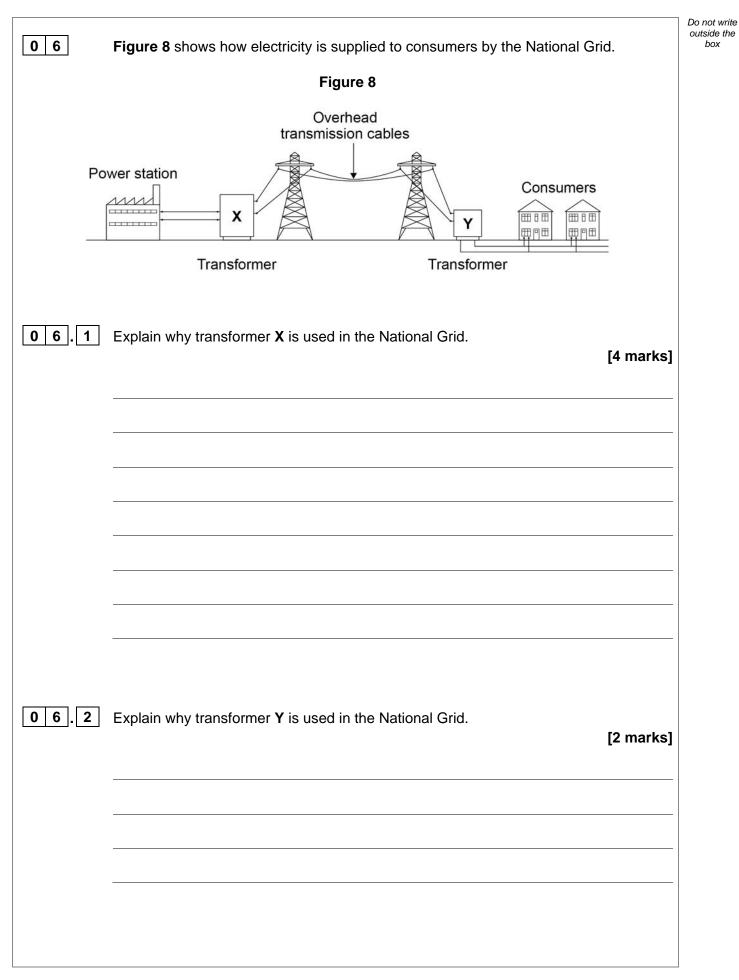
0 5 A student rubbed a plastic rod with a cloth. The rod became negatively charged and the cloth became positively charged. 0 5. 1 Explain why the cloth became positively charged. [3 marks] Figure 6 shows the negatively charged rod on a balance. Figure 6 Negatively charged plastic rod TZ, Insulating material 100.25g Balance Figure 7 shows another charged rod being held stationary above the rod on the balance. The rods do not touch each other. Figure 7 Charged plastic rod 100.35 g



0 5.2	Explain why the reading on the balance increases. [3 marks]
0 5.3	The balance had a zero error.
	The zero error is not important in this experiment.
	Give the reason why. [1 mark]
0 5 . 4	A negatively charged rod is held near an earthed conductor.
	Explain why a spark jumps between the negatively charged rod and the earthed
	conductor. [3 marks]



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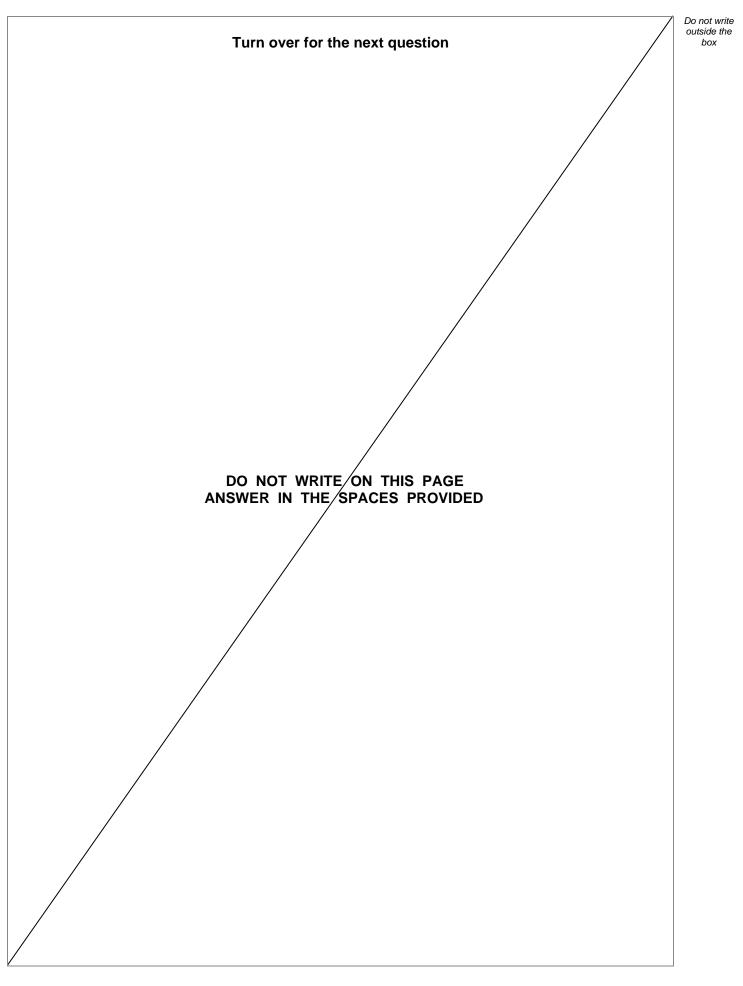


06.3	The town of Hornsdale in Australia has electricity supplied by a huge battery.	Do not write outside the box
	On one day the battery transferred 3.24×10^{11} J of energy to the town.	
	The potential difference of the town's electricity supply is 230 V.	
	Calculate the charge flow to the town on this day.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	Give your answer to 3 significant figures.	
	[4 marks]	
	Charge flow (3 significant figures) = C	10
	Turn over for the next question	
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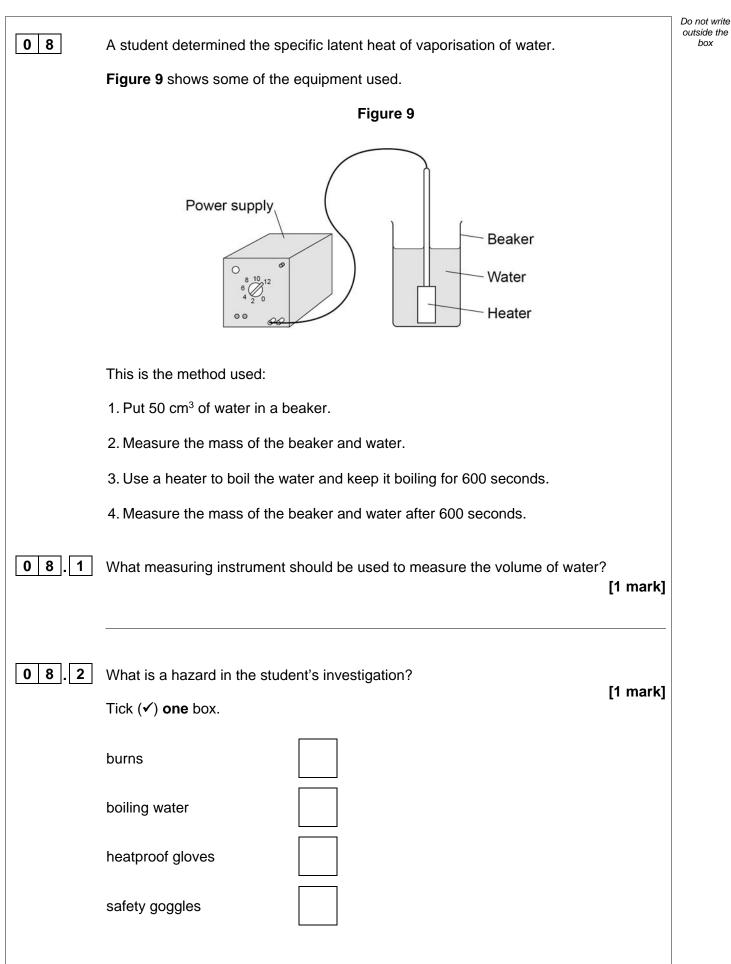


0 7	Alpha particles, beta particles and gamma rays are types of nuclear radiation.	Do not write outside the box
07.1	What does an alpha particle consist of? [1 mark]	
07.2	A krypton (Kr) nucleus decays into a rubidium (Rb) nucleus by emitting a beta particle.	
	Complete the nuclear equation for this decay by writing the missing number in each box. [2 marks] $ \boxed{2 \text{ marks}} \\ \boxed{36} \text{Kr} \longrightarrow \underbrace{85}_{36} \text{Rb} + \underbrace{0}_{-1} \text{e} $	
07.3	Internal contamination of the human body means radioactive material is inside the human body. Explain how the risk from internal contamination is different to the risk from external irradiation by a source of alpha radiation. [5 marks]	
		8









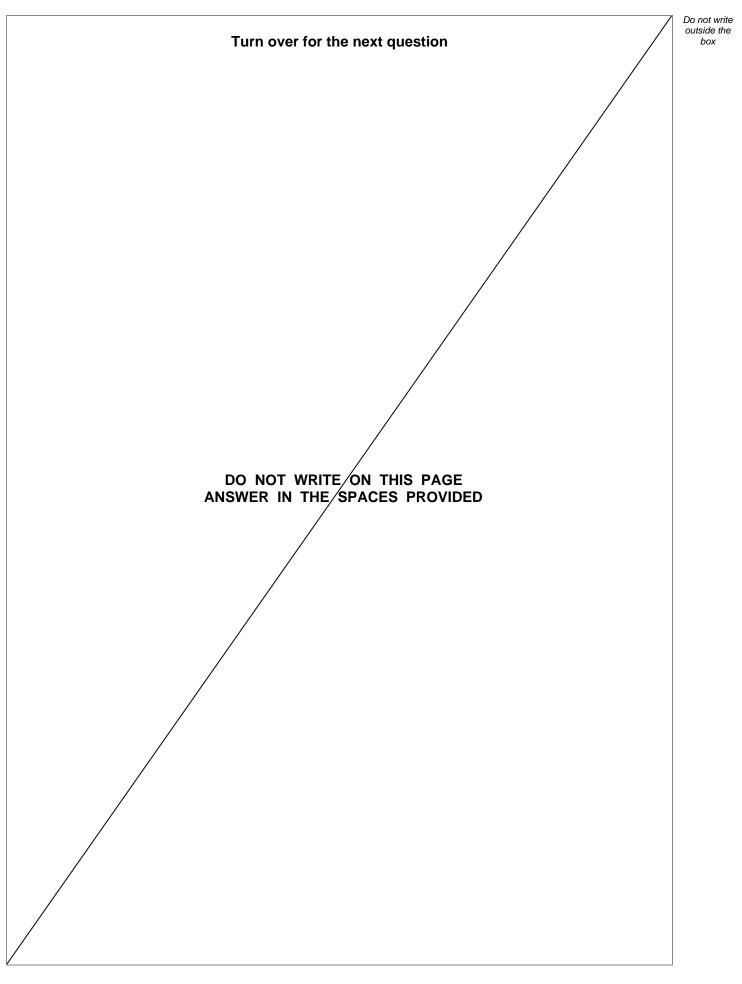


0 8.3	The initial mass of the beaker and water was 0.080 kg.	Do r outs
	The final mass of the beaker and water was 0.071 kg.	
	The energy transferred by the immersion heater as the water boiled was 25 200 J.	
	Calculate the specific latent heat of vaporisation of water given by the student's data.	
	Give the unit.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	[5 marks]	
	Specific latent heat of vaporisation = Unit	
	Question 8 continues on the next page	
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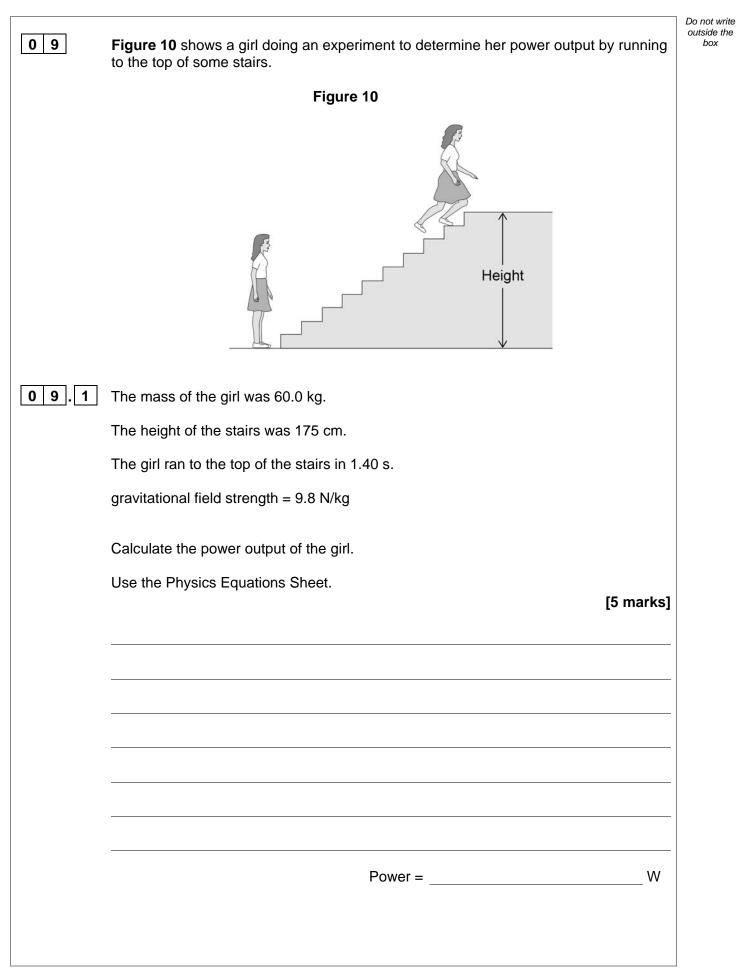


		Do not write
0 8.4	Some thermal energy was transferred to the surroundings while the water was being heated.	outside the box
	Explain how this affected the student's value for the specific latent heat of vaporisation of water.	
	[2 marks]	
08.5	Some of the water evaporated before its temperature reached 100 °C.	
	Explain how this affected the student's value for the specific latent heat of vaporisation of water.	
	[2 marks]	
		11











09.2	The total power output of the girl was greater than the answer to question 09.1.	
	Suggest two reasons why.	[2 marks]
	1	[]
	2	
09.3	A boy took more than 1.40 s to run up the same stairs.	
	The power output of the boy was the same as the power output of the girl.	
	What conclusion can be made about the boy's mass?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✔) one box.	[i mark]
	The boy's mass was greater than the girl's mass.	
	The boy's mass was lower than the girl's mass.	
	The boy's mass was the same as the girl's mass.	
	Turn over for the next question	



Do not write outside the box

8

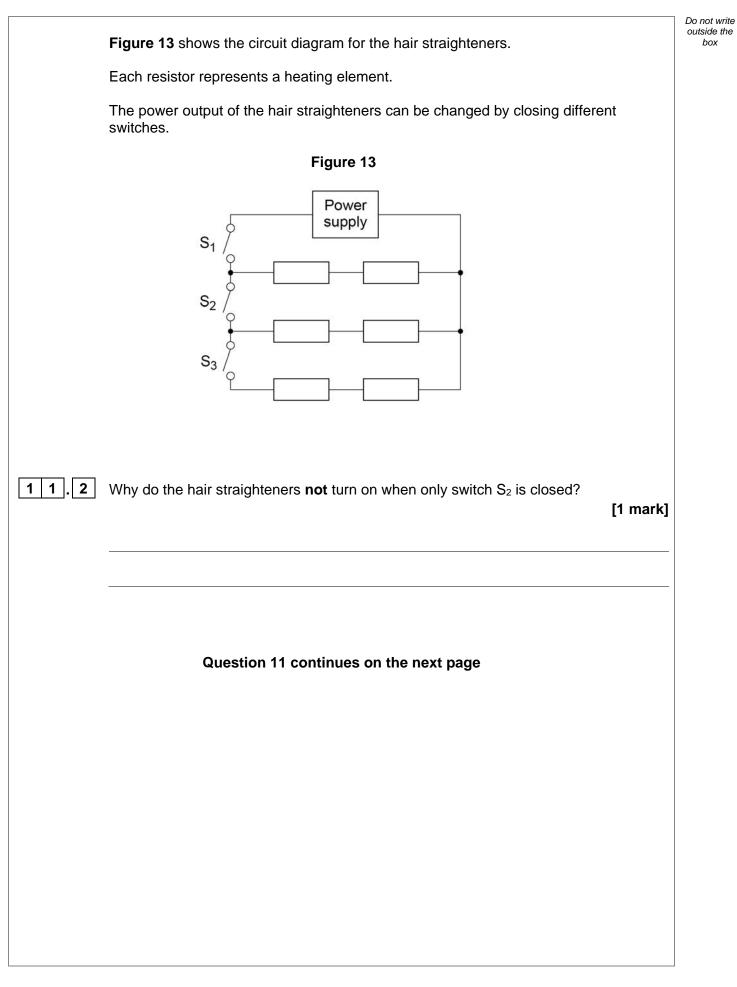
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1 0	Figure 11 shows a student launching a toy aeroplane.	outside the box
	To launch the aeroplane, the student pulls on it to stretch the spring and then releases it.	
	Figure 11	
	Toy aeroplane	
10.1	Just before the toy aeroplane is released, the spring has an extension of 0.12 m.	
	mass of aeroplane = 0.020 kg	
	spring constant of the spring = 50 N/m	
	Calculate the maximum speed of the toy aeroplane just after it is launched.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	Give the unit.	
	[6 marks]	
	Speed = Unit	



10.2	Complete the sentence.			Do not write outside the box
		[1	mark]	
	As the aeroplane moves upwards through the air there is a decrease			
	in the energy of the aeroplane.			
10.3	Cive one factor which would increase the distance the toy according travels			
1 0 . 3	Give one factor which would increase the distance the toy aeroplane travels horizontally before hitting the ground.			
		[1	mark]]
				8
				•
	Turn over for the next question			
	Т	urn (over 🕨	

	Firmura 40 altanua anna hair starialtan ann	Do not write outside the box
1 1	Figure 12 shows some hair straighteners.	box
	Hair straighteners contain heating elements.	
	Figure 12	
1 1 1	When the hair straighteners reach normal operating temperature, an LED turns on.	
	Draw the circuit symbol for an LED in the box.	
	[1 mark]	



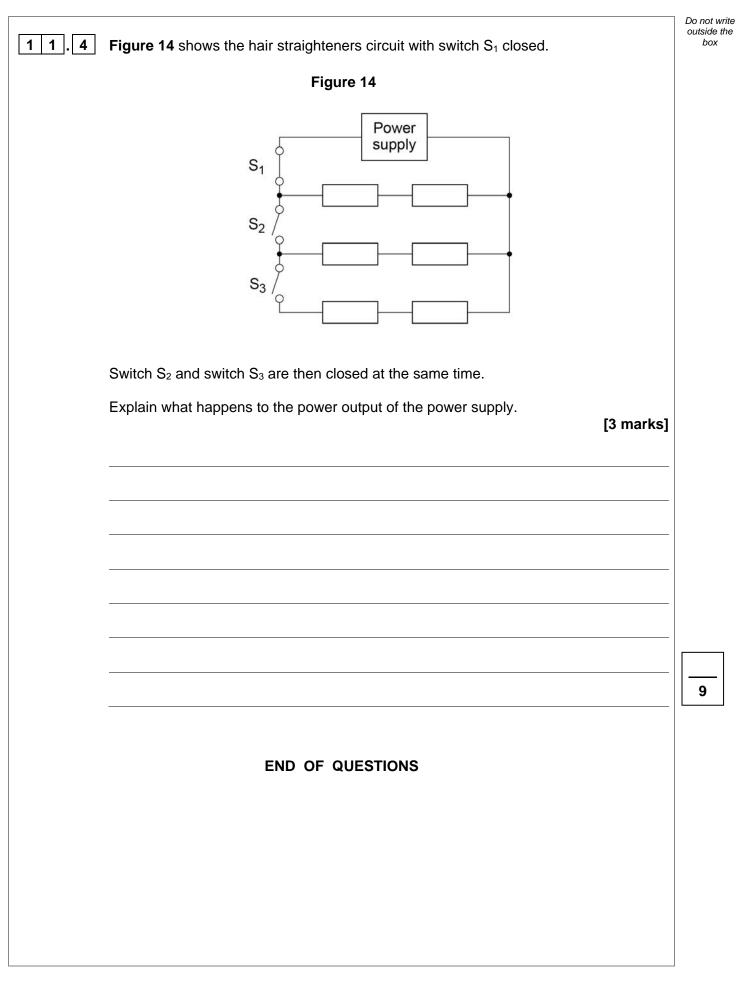




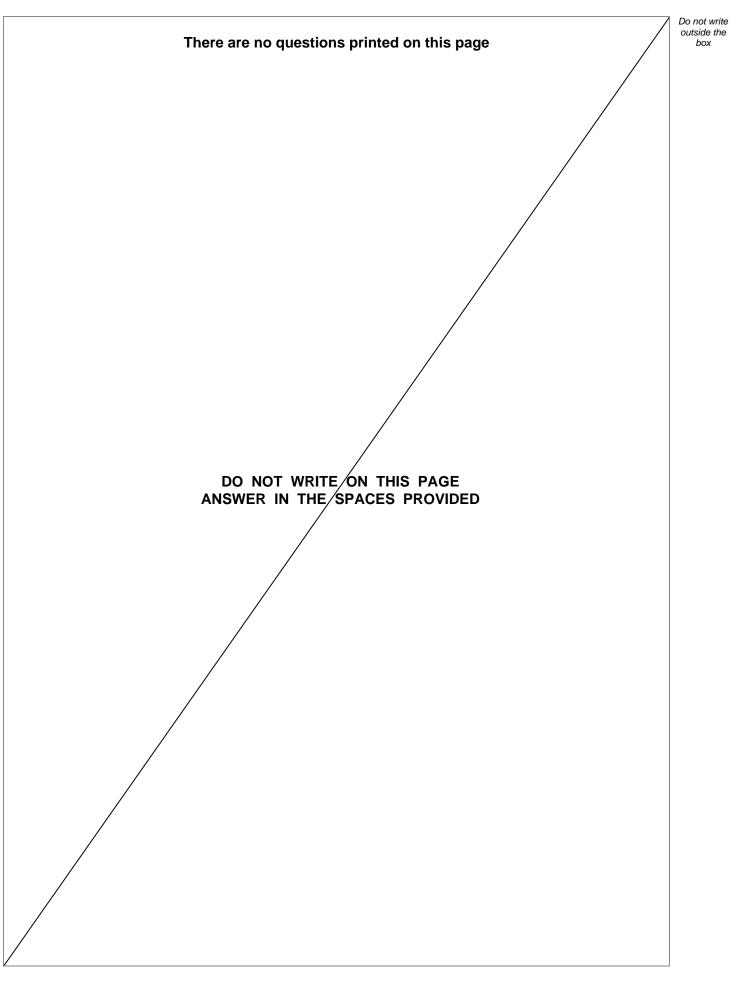
box

		Do not write
1 1.3	The hair straighteners have a maximum power output of 120 W.	outside the box
	The energy transferred to the hair straighteners to reach normal operating temperature is 3.6 kJ.	
	Calculate the time taken for the hair straighteners to reach normal operating temperature when operating at maximum power.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet. [4 marks]	
	Time =seconds	











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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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