

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2021

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1	<i>x</i> = 8	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	4.56	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3	$\frac{x}{2}$	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4	one million	B1	

Q		Answer	Mark		Commen	ts
	2827.18		B1			
	2778.21		B1ft	ft their 282 ⁻	7.18 – 48.97	
	1135.72		B1ft	ft their 277	8.21 – 1642.4	19
			Additional G	uidance		
	Date	Description	Credit (£)	Debit (£)	Balance (£)	
	01/05/2020	Starting balance			670.43	
5	08/05/2020	Salary	2156.75		2827.18	B1B1B1
	11/05/2020	Water bill		48.97	2778.21	
	18/05/2020	Mortgage payment		1135.72	1642.49	
	All three correct B1 values must be in the correct place for B1B1B1					
	2827.18 and 2778.21 and 1135.72 but not all of them in the correct place can only score 2 marks					
	Condone £ and p on values					
	Condone incorrect money notation for ft eg 2827.27 – 48.97 = 2778.3				B0B1ft	



Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts	
	Alternative method 1				
	217 – 145 or 72	M1			
	their 72 + 59	M1dep	oe eg 7259		
	131	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
	217 + 59 or 276	M1	oe eg 217 – –59		
	their 276 – 145	M1dep			
7	131	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	M1 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
	217 – 145 + 59 or 217 – 86			M1M1	
	217 + 145 + 59	M1M0			
	217 – 145 – 59	M1M0			
	217 – 204 implies 217 – 145	M1M0			
	145 – 59 or 86 without further correct working			MO	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	5 + 6 - 2 - 8		
	or		
	5 + 6 - 8 - 2		
8(a)	or	B1	
	6 + 5 - 2 - 8		
	or		
	6 + 5 - 8 - 2		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
8(b)	All ten correct pairs, ie 2, 6 6, 2 2, 8 8, 2 5, 6 6, 5 5, 8 8, 5 6, 8 8, 6	B2	B1 at least 5 correct pairs		
	Additional Guidance				
	Condone duplication of 2, 5 and 5, 2 for B2				
	Condone duplications for B1 with at least 5 different correct pairs				

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	$\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{9}{12}$	B1ft	oe fraction, decimal or p correct answer or ft their	ercentage ^r table in (b)
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance	
	Answer may come from considering t	ards or from their table		
8(c)	Ignore attempts to convert a correct f			
	Ignore probability words			
	9 out of 12 or 9 in 12 together with a correct answer			
	9 out of 12 or 9 in 12 alone	B0		
	9 : 12 with a correct answer			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
9	72 × 28 or 2016 or 16 × 18 or 288	M1	oe	
	$\frac{72 \times 28}{16 \times 18} = 7$ or 2016 and 288 and 7	A1	Oe	
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore further work alongside a correct answer			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	3.25 ÷ 25 or 0.13 or 325 ÷ 25 or 13 or 5 ÷ (2 × 25) or 5 ÷ 50 or 0.1(0) or 500 ÷ (2 × 25) or 500 ÷ 50 or 10	M1	oe cost of a chocolate in a single box cost of a chocolate from special offer		
	$3.25 \div 25 - 5 \div (2 \times 25)$ or their 0.13 - their 0.1(0) or 0.03 or $325 \div 25 - 500 \div (2 \times 25)$ or their 13 - their 10	M1dep	oe their 0.13 and their 0.1(0) must come from correct methods their 13 and their 10 must come from correct methods		
	3	A1	condone £0.03 on answer line		
	Alternative method 2				
10	2 × 3.25 – 5 or 6.5(0) – 5 or 1.5(0) or 2 × 325 – 500 or 650 – 500 or 150	M1	difference in cost of two boxes		
	their 1.5(0) ÷ (2 × 25) or 0.03 or their 150 ÷ (2 × 25)	M1dep	oe 1.5(0) ÷ 50 oe 150 ÷ 50		
	3	A1	condone £0.03 on answer line		
	Alternative method 3				
	3.25 – 5 ÷ 2 or 3.25 – 2.5(0) or 0.75 or 325 – 500 ÷ 2 or 325 – 250 or 75	M1	difference in cost of one box		
	their 0.75 ÷ 25 or 0.03 or their 75 ÷ 25	M1dep			
	3	A1	condone £0.03 on answer line		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	B2, C5, E3, D5	B2	B1 4 correct with at most 2 or any 2 or 3 correct with a or any 1 correct with none or no written answer, but a marked on diagram with	incorrect t most 1 incorrect incorrect Il 4 correct none incorrect
11(a)	Additional Guidance			
	Only mark the diagram with no written answer or 4 on answer line			
	4 on answer line with all 4 correct ma	irked on d	iagram	B2
	Ignore B3 repeated			
	Ignore repetition of correct answers			
	Condone eg 5C, 5,C, C,5, (5,C), (C,5) for B2 and B1			
	B2, 5C, (E,3), 5,D, B3			B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	1/36 or 0.027() or 0.028 or 2.7()% or 2.8%	B1	Oe	
	Ad			
11(b)	Ignore attempts to convert a correct f			
	Ignore probability words			
	1 out of 36 or 1 in 36 together with	a correct	answer	B1
	1 out of 36 or 1 in 36 alone	B0		
	1 : 36 with a correct answer			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	It is greater than the answer to part (b) with valid reason	B1	to choose from	
	Ade	ditional G	uidance	
	Ignore incorrect statements alongside	e correct s	statements	
	Ignore any repeated incorrect probab for part (c), if shown, must be correct	ility from	oart (b), but a probability	
	No box ticked and 'it is greater as th	ere are 4	corners'	B1
	She is restricted to a smaller number	of options	3	B1
	Only four squares to choose from			B1
	Fewer boxes			B1
	The lower the denominator the higher the chance			B1
11(c)	There are less squares to choose from			B1
11(0)	There are 4 corners so it is 1 in 4			B1
	There are 4 chances to put it in a corr	B1		
	There are 3 other boxes she can put	B1		
	(It's now a) 1 in 4 (chance)			B1
	There are more corner squares or	There are	more corners	B0
	There are 4 more corners she can pu	it the cros	S	B0
	She's more likely to put it in a corner	square		B0
	There's a greater chance for F6			B0
	Because there are 4 corners, so it is $\frac{4}{36}$ (incorrect probability)			BO
	There are only 4 corner squares to ch	noose fror	n so it's 1:4	B0
	There are 4 chances to put it in a corr	ner so it is	s 1 in 9	B0
	Because it's a corner square			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
12	2 (cm) and 8 (cm) seen or [3.54, 4.56] or 3 ÷ [1.8, 2.2] or [1.36, 1.67] or [1.8, 2.2] ÷ 3 or [0.6, 0.74]	M1	each $\pm 2 \text{ mm}$ implied by whale divided or $\frac{1}{4}$ of the whale oe	into four sections
	[10.6, 13.7] Ad	A1 ditional 0	A1 working for M1 must be seen SC1 [10.6, 13.7] with no or insufficient working	
	2:8 and 3:12 on answer line			M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
13(a)	0.5 × 2.6 × 9.8	M1	oe eg 1.3 × 9.8 or 2.6 × 4	.9
	12.7(4)	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	Accept 13 with M1 awarded			M1A1

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	π × 11.5²	M1	oe accept [3.14, 3.142] for	rπ	
	[415, 416] or $\frac{529}{4}\pi$ or 132.25 π	A1	Oe		
13(b)	Additional Guidance				
	Accept $\frac{529}{4} \times \pi$ or $132.25 \times \pi$ or	$\pi \times \frac{529}{4}$	or π×132.25	M1A1	
	Condone $\pi \frac{529}{4}$ or $\pi 132.25$			M1A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	252 000	B4	B3 $60 \times 60 \times 8 \div 4 \times 35$ oe B2 $60 \times 60 \times 8 \div 4$ oe or 7 or $60 \times 60 \times 8 \times 35$ oe or $60 \times 60 \div 4 \times 35$ oe or $60 \times 8 \div 4 \times 35$ oe or $60 \times 60 \times 8$ oe or 288 or $60 \times 60 \div 4$ oe or 9 or $60 \times 60 \div 4$ oe or 9 or $60 \times 60 \times 35$ oe or or $60 \times 8 \div 4$ oe or 12 or $60 \times 8 \times 35$ oe or 1 or $60 \times 8 \times 35$ oe or 70 or $60 \div 4 \times 35$ oe or 50 or $8 \div 4 \times 35$ oe or 70	7200 or 1008000 or 31500 or 4200 00 126000 0 6800 25
14(a)	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	B3, B2 and B1 may be awarded for c answer, even if this is seen amongst	correct wo multiple a	rk, with no or incorrect ittempts	
	Condone additional incorrect operation	ons for B3	, B2 and B1	
	eg1 $4 \times 60 \times 60 \times 8 \div 4 \times 35$ (× 4 is	s an incorr	rect operation)	В3
	eg2 $60 \times 60 \times 8 \div 4 \times 35 = 252000$	and 252	$000 \times 4 = 1008000$	В3
	eg3 $60 \times 60 \div 4 = 900$ and 900×4 indicates $60 \times 60 \div 4 \times 35$ (× 480 incorporation of × 60)	80 = 432 (cludes an	000 and 432000 × 35 additional incorrect	В3
	eg4 35 × 4 = 140 and 140 × 60 × 8 i	ndicates 3	85 × 60 × 8	B1
	The operations may be in any order and may be fragmented eg $8 \div 4 = 2$ and 2×35			
	An incorrect intermediate answer ma operations	y be part	of a correct set of	
	eg $60 \times 8 = 4800$ and $4800 \div 4 = 1$	200 and	1200 × 35	B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	its	
	32.5 ÷ 4	M1	oe		
	8.125	A1	oe		
1.4(b)	Additional Guidance				
14(D)	Accept 8.1 or 8.12 or 8.13			M1A1	
	Accept 8 with M1 seen	M1A1			
	Ignore truncation or incorrect rounding after correct answer seen			M1A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
15(a)	x -3 2 3	B1	
	y 7 2 7	ВЛ	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Plots at least four points correctly	M1	ft their points from part ($\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square	a)
15(b)	Correct graph drawn through the seven correct points	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square smooth quadratic curve	
	Additional Guidance			
	Correct graph drawn without plotting the correct points			M1A1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
16(a)	All the points within 20 miles of A	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
16(b)	Correct triangle drawn where angle <i>QPR</i> is [51, 55]° and <i>PR</i> is [7.3, 7.7] cm	B2	B1 Angle <i>QPR</i> is [51, 55]° or <i>PR</i> is [7.3, 7.7] cm or Angle <i>PQR</i> is [51, 55]° and <i>QR</i> is [7.3, 7.7] cm	
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore attempts to label R			
	PR drawn correctly, but not connected to Q			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	$15x^2 - 10x$	B2	B1 $15x^2$ or $-10x$ seen	1	
17	Additional Guidance				
	Condone an attempt to solve an equation after $15x^2 - 10x$ seen			B2	
	Condone an attempt to solve an equation after $15x^2$ or $-10x$ seen			B1	
	Do not ignore further incorrect working for B2 eg $15x^2 - 10x$ followed by $5x$		B1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
18(a)	Negative	B1	ignore descriptive words	eg strong
	Additional Guidance			
	Description of relationship only			
	eg as the car gets older the value go	es down		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	4000	B1		
18(b)	(b) Additional Guidance			
	(3, 4000)			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
18(c)	[15000, 15400]	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	2012		B1	
18(d)			horizontal line at 5600 ±	$\frac{1}{2}$ small square
		B2	or	
			[6.8, 7.2]	
			implied by mark in corre or horizontal axis	ct place on line
	Additional Guidance			
	2012 and 7 on answer line			B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	5a + b + 4a + 7b + 2a + 3b or 2(4a + 2b) + 2(a + 4b)	M1	OE	
	11a + 11b or 10a + 12b	A1	oe	
	11a + 11b and $10a + 12bandcannot tell$	A1	oe with no further incorrect w	vorking
19	Additional Guidance			
	Condone 22 <i>ab</i> after $11a + 11b$ or $10a + 12b$ for first A mark only			M1A1A0
	11 <i>a</i> and 11 <i>b</i> or $10a$ and $12b$ implies	s M1		M1A0
	5a + b = 6ab and $4a + 7b = 11ab$ and $2a + 3b = 5aband 6ab + 11ab + 5ab$			M1A0
	6ab next to $5a + b$ and $11ab$ next to $4a + 7b$ and $5ab$ next to $2a + 3bshown on diagramand 6ab + 11ab + 5ab$			M1A0
	5a + 4a + 2a = 15a and $b + 7b + 3b = 12b$ and $15a + 12b$			M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	15, 11, 7, 3 as the first four terms		oe	
	or			
	19-4×5 or 19-20			
	or	M1		
	–1 as the first negative term			
	or			
	4.75			
20	5	A1		
	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	5n on answer line with 5 in working			M1A0
	n = -1 without correct working for M1			MO
	4.75 n on answer line with no correct	M1 value	S	MO
	19 - 4n < 0 with no correct M1 value	S		MO

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
21	diameter	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
22	46500	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	270 ÷ (2.6 + 1) or 270 ÷ 3.6 or 75 or $\frac{2.6}{(2.6+1)}$ or $\frac{2.6}{3.6}$ or 0.72() or 2.6 - 1 or 1.6	M1	Oe	
23	their 75 × 2.6 or 270 – their 75 or 195 or 270 × their 0.72() or their 75 × (2.6 – 1) or their 75 × their 1.6 or $\frac{\text{their 1.6}}{(2.6+1)}$ or 0.44()	M1dep	oe	
	120	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	195 and 75			M1M1
	270 ÷ 2.6			MO

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	$\frac{28}{35} = 0.8 \text{ and } \frac{40}{50} = 0.8$ or $\frac{35}{28} = 1.25 \text{ and } \frac{50}{40} = 1.25$ or $\frac{28}{40} = 0.7 \text{ and } \frac{35}{50} = 0.7$ or $\frac{40}{28} = 1.42857 \text{ and } \frac{50}{35} = 1.42857$	B1	oe decimal values must be the same, but may be correctly rounded or truncated
24	Alternative method 2		
	$35 \times \frac{40}{50} = 28 \text{ or } 35 \div \frac{50}{40} = 28$ or $28 \times \frac{50}{40} = 35 \text{ or } 28 \div \frac{40}{50} = 35$ or $50 \times \frac{28}{35} = 40 \text{ or } 50 \div \frac{35}{28} = 40$ or $40 \times \frac{35}{28} = 50 \text{ or } 40 \div \frac{28}{35} = 50$	B1	oe calculation including all four values eg $\frac{35 \times 40}{50} = 28$

Additional guidance for this question is on the next page

	Additional Guidance	
	Calculations must be shown	
	Accept decimal truncation but truncated values must be the same	
	eg $\frac{40}{28} = 1.42$ and $\frac{50}{35} = 1.42$	B1
	$\frac{28}{35} = \frac{40}{50}$ and $28 \times 50 = 35 \times 40$ and $1400 = 1400$	R1
24	or $\frac{28}{35} = \frac{40}{50}$ and $28 \times 50 = 1400$ and $35 \times 40 = 1400$	DI
cont	28 × 1.25 = 35 and 40 × 1.25 = 50 (oe ALT1)	B1
	$28 \times 1.25 = 35$ and $\frac{50}{40} = 1.25$	B1
	28 × 1.25 = 35	B0
	Answers as fractions without a common denominator eg $\frac{28}{35} = \frac{40}{50}$	B0
	$\frac{28}{40} = 1.4$ and $\frac{50}{35} = 1.4$	B0
	$\frac{28}{7} = \frac{40}{10} = 4$ and $\frac{35}{7} = \frac{50}{10} = 5$	B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
25	3	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	480 × 0.4 or 192	M1	oe implied by 2400	
	$480 \times \frac{3}{8}$ or 180	M1	oe implied by 1440	
	480 – their 192 – their 180 – 67 or 41	M1	oe implied by 287	
	their 192 × 12.5 + their 180 × 8 + their 41 × 7 or 2400 + 1440 + 287	M1		
	4127	A1		
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance	
	Method marks may be awarded for correct work seen on Venn diagram or in working, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
26	For the 4 th method mark, incorrectly placed values from their Venn diagram may be used or values connected to the correct category			
	eg if house only and museum only va diagram accept their 192 × 12.5 + the			
	ξ H 41 (192) 180 67			
	40% of 413 = 165, $\frac{3}{8}$ of 165 = 62, 413 - 62 - 165 = 186 165 × 12.50 + 62 × 8 + 186 × 7 = 3860.50			MOM0M1M1A0
	H = 154.875, H&M = 165.2 480 - 67 - 154.875 - 165.2		MOMOM1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	198 × 0.45 or 89.1	M1			
	their 89.1 ÷ 6.25	M1	their 89.1 must come from a division or multiplication using 198 and 0.45 only		
	14.256 or 14.26 or 14.3	A1	SC1 556.875 or 556.88 or 556.9 or 70.4		
	Alternative method 2				
	198÷6.25 or 31.68	M1			
	their 31.68 × 0.45	M1	their 31.68 must come from a division or multiplication using 198 and 6.25 only		
	14.256 or 14.26 or 14.3	A1	SC1 556.875 or 556.88 or 556.9 or 70.4		
27	Alternative method 3				
	0.45 ÷ 6.25 or 0.072	M1			
	198 × their 0.072	M1dep			
	14.256 or 14.26 or 14.3	A1	SC1 556.875 or 556.88 or 556.9 or 70.4		
	Alternative method 4				
	6.25 ÷ 0.45 or 13.8 or 13.8() or 13.9	M1			
	198 ÷ their 13.8	M1dep			
	14.256 or 14.26 or 14.3	A1	SC1 556.875 or 556.88 or 556.9 or 70.4		

Additional guidance for this question is on the next page

	Additional Guidance			
	198 × 0.45 ÷ 6.25 oe	M1M1		
	198 × 0.45 × 6.25 (which gives 556.875)	M1M0		
27	198 ÷ 0.45 ÷ 6.25 (which gives 70.4)	M0M1		
cont	198 ÷ 0.45 × 6.25 (which gives 2750)	M0M0		
	Do not allow 6.25 ² for 6.25 eg 198 ÷ 6.25 ÷ 6.25	MO		
	Ignore rounding or truncation after correct answer seen			

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	6 × 10 – (12 + 7 + 15 + 3) or 60 – 37 or 23	M1	implied by two numbers eg -11 and 34	with a total of 23	
	Two positive numbers with a total of 23	A1			
	Two positive numbers which make the range of the list 19	B1	eg a and 22, where 3 \leq	a ≼ 22	
28	Additional Guidance				
	2 and 21 is the only fully correct ans	M1A1B1			
	11.5 and 11.5			M1A1B0	
	1 and 22			M1A1B0	
	0 and 23			M1A0B0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Rectangle with horizontal sides 3 cm and vertical sides 2 cm	B1	accept internal vertical li right, but no other intern	ne 1 cm from the al lines
	Additional Guidance			
29(a)	or	with dime	nsions 3 cm and 2 cm	B1
	Do not accept other internal lines			
	Mark intention			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
29(b)	3cm 3cm 3cm 2cm	B1	any orientation	
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance	
	Do not accept internal lines			
	Do not accept a reflection			
	Mark intention			

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	23 or 29	B1	implied by correct answe	ər
	$\frac{23}{125} (\times 100) \text{ or } \frac{29}{125} (\times 100)$ or $\frac{\text{their number}}{125} (\times 100)$ or $\text{their number} = \frac{125x}{100}$	M1	oe their number can be any integer value	
	18.4 or 23.2 or	A1ft	ft B0M1 oe their number must be an integer [20, 20]	
	as a percentage of 125		or any prime number	
	Additional Guidance			
30	18.4 or 23.2			B1M1A1
	18.4 and 23.2			B1M1A1
	23 or 29 must be clearly indicated as their prime number			
	Any integer [20, 30] used can score E eg 25 ÷ 125 × 100 with answer 20		B0M1A1ft	
	Any prime number used can score B0 eg 7 ÷ 125 × 100 with answer 5.6	B0M1A1ft		
	24% of 125 is 30 with answer 24			B0M1A1ft
	29% of 125 is 36.25 (36.25 is not an integer)			B1M0A0ft
	28% of 125 is 35 with answer 28 (35 is an integer out of range)			B0M1A0ft
	28% of 125 is 35 scores M1 (35 is an integer)			
	25% of 125 is 31.25 scores M0 (31.25 is not an integer)			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
31	360 ÷ 15 or 24 or (15 – 2) × 180 or 2340	M1	oe may be seen on diagram
	156	A1	