

GCSE ENGLISH LITERATURE

Paper 1N 19th-century novel

Time allowed: 50 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

• an AQA 12-page answer book.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use pencil.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is 8702/1N.
- Answer one question.
- You must **not** use a dictionary.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 30.

The 19th-century novel		Question	Page
Robert Louis Stevenson	The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde	01	4–5
Charles Dickens	A Christmas Carol	02	6–7
Charles Dickens	Great Expectations	03	8–9
Charlotte Brontë	Jane Eyre	04	10–11
Mary Shelley	Frankenstein	05	12–13
Jane Austen	Pride and Prejudice	06	14–15
Arthur Conan Doyle	The Sign of Four	07	16–17

Turn over for question 01

Answer **one** question on your chosen text.

Either

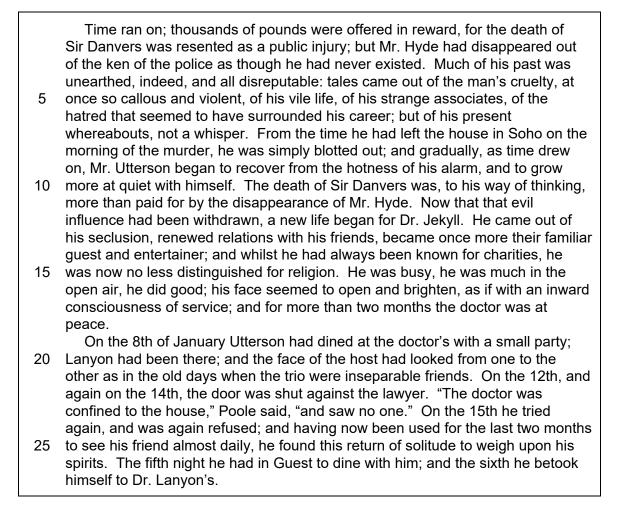
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Robert Louis Stevenson: The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

Read the following extract from Chapter 6 (Remarkable Incident of Dr Lanyon) of *The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Utterson thinks about his friendship with Dr Jekyll and how it has changed.



0 1 Starting with this extract, explore how Stevenson presents Dr Jekyll as a mysterious character.

Write about:

- how Stevenson presents Dr Jekyll in this extract
- how Stevenson presents Dr Jekyll as a mysterious character in the novel as a whole. [30 marks]

0 2 Charles Dickens: A Christmas Carol

or

Read the following extract from Chapter 2 of *A Christmas Carol* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, the Ghost of Christmas Past takes Scrooge back to his school.

"The school is not quite deserted," said the Ghost. "A solitary child, neglected by his friends, is left there still."

Scrooge said he knew it. And he sobbed.

- They left the high-road, by a well-remembered lane, and soon approached a 5 mansion of dull red brick, with a little weathercock-surmounted cupola, on the roof, and a bell hanging in it. It was a large house, but one of broken fortunes; for the spacious offices were little used, their walls were damp and mossy, their windows broken, and their gates decayed. Fowls clucked and strutted in the stables; and the coach-houses and sheds were over-run with grass. Nor was it
- 10 more retentive of its ancient state, within; for entering the dreary hall, and glancing through the open doors of many rooms, they found them poorly furnished, cold, and vast. There was an earthy savour in the air, a chilly bareness in the place, which associated itself somehow with too much getting up by candle-light, and not too much to eat.
- 15 They went, the Ghost and Scrooge, across the hall, to a door at the back of the house. It opened before them, and disclosed a long, bare, melancholy room, made barer still by lines of plain deal forms and desks. At one of these a lonely boy was reading near a feeble fire; and Scrooge sat down upon a form, and wept to see his poor forgotten self as he used to be.
- 20 Not a latent echo in the house, not a squeak and scuffle from the mice behind the panelling, not a drip from the half-thawed water-spout in the dull yard behind, not a sigh among the leafless boughs of one despondent poplar, not the idle swinging of an empty store-house door, no, not a clicking in the fire, but fell upon the heart of Scrooge with a softening influence, and gave a freer passage to his
- 25 tears.

0 2 Starting with this extract, explore how Dickens presents the effects of loneliness and isolation in *A Christmas Carol*.

Write about:

- how Dickens presents the effects of loneliness and isolation in this extract
- how Dickens presents the effects of loneliness and isolation in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

0 3 Charles Dickens: *Great Expectations*

or

Read the following extract from Chapter 27 of *Great Expectations* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Joe says goodbye to Pip after visiting him in London.

	'But you are not going now, Joe?' 'Yes I am,' said Joe.
	'But you are coming back to dinner, Joe?'
	'No I am not,' said Joe.
5	Our eyes met, and all the 'Sir' melted out of that manly heart as he gave me
	his hand.
	'Pip, dear old chap, life is made of ever so many partings welded together, as
	I may say, and one man's a blacksmith, and one's a whitesmith, and one's a
10	goldsmith, and one's a coppersmith. Diwisions among such must come, and must be met as they come. If there's been any fault at all to-day, it's mine. You
10	and me is not two figures to be together in London; nor yet anywheres else but
	what is private, and beknown, and understood among friends. It ain't that I am
	proud, but that I want to be right, as you shall never see me no more in these
	clothes. I'm wrong in these clothes. I'm wrong out of the forge, the kitchen, or
15	off th' meshes. You won't find half so much fault in me if you think of me in my
	forge dress, with my hammer in my hand, or even my pipe. You won't find half
	so much fault in me if, supposing as you should ever wish to see me, you come
	and put your head in at the forge window and see Joe the blacksmith, there, at the old anvil, in the old burnt apron, sticking to the old work. I'm awful dull, but I
20	hope I've beat out something nigh the rights of this at last. And so GOD bless
20	you, dear old Pip, old chap, GOD bless you!'
	I had not been mistaken in my fancy that there was a simple dignity in him.
	The fashion of his dress could no more come in its way when he spoke these
	words, than it could come in its way in Heaven. He touched me gently on the
25	forehead, and went out. As soon as I could recover myself sufficiently, I hurried
	out after him and looked for him in the neighbouring streets; but he was gone.

0 3 Starting with this extract, explore how far Dickens presents Joe as a good role model to Pip in *Great Expectations*.

Write about:

- how Dickens presents Joe in this extract
- how far Dickens presents Joe as a good role model to Pip in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

0 4 Charlotte Brontë: Jane Eyre

Read the following extract from Chapter 23 of *Jane Eyre* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Rochester and Jane have just declared their love for each other.

5	'No – that is the best of it,' he said. And if I had loved him less I should have thought his accent and look of exultation savage; but, sitting by him, roused from the nightmare of parting – called to the paradise of union – I thought only of the bliss given me to drink in so abundant a flow. Again and again he said, 'Are you happy, Jane?' And again and again I answered, 'Yes.' After which he murmured, 'It will atone – it will atone. Have I not found her friendless, and cold, and comfortless? Will I not guard, and cherish, and solace her? Is there not love in my heart, and constancy in my resolves? It will expiate at God's tribunal.
10	I know my Maker sanctions what I do. For the world's judgment – I wash my hands thereof. For man's opinion – I defy it.' But what had befallen the night? The moon was not yet set, and we were all in shadow: I could scarcely see my master's face, near as I was. And what ailed the chestnut tree? it writhed and groaned; while wind roared in the laurel walk,
15	and came sweeping over us. 'We must go in,' said Mr Rochester: 'the weather changes. I could have sat with thee till morning, Jane.'
20	'And so,' thought I, 'could I with you.' I should have said so, perhaps, but a livid, vivid spark leapt out of a cloud at which I was looking, and there was a crack, a crash, and a close rattling peal; and I thought only of hiding my dazzled eyes against Mr Rochester's shoulder.
25	The rain rushed down. He hurried me up the walk, through the grounds, and into the house; but we were quite wet before we could pass the threshold. He was taking off my shawl in the hall, and shaking the water out of my loosened hair, when Mrs Fairfax emerged from her room. I did not observe her at first, nor did Mr Rochester. The lamp was lit. The clock was on the stroke of twelve. 'Hasten to take off your wet things,' said he; 'and before you go, good-night –
	good-night, my darling!' He kissed me repeatedly. When I looked up, on leaving his arms, there stood
30	the widow, pale, grave, and amazed. I only smiled at her, and ran upstairs. 'Explanation will do for another time,' thought I. Still, when I reached my chamber, I felt a pang at the idea she should even temporarily misconstrue what she had seen. But joy soon effaced every other feeling, and loud as the wind
35	blew, near and deep as the thunder crashed, fierce and frequent as the lightning gleamed, cataract-like as the rain fell during a storm of two hours' duration, I experienced no fear and little awe. Mr Rochester came thrice to my door in the course of it, to ask if I was safe and tranquil: and that was comfort, that was strength for anything.
40	Before I left my bed in the morning, little Adèle came running in to tell me that the great horse-chestnut at the bottom of the orchard had been struck by lightning in the night, and half of it split away.

or

0 4

Starting with this extract, explore how Brontë presents the ways that Jane and Rochester are affected by their strong feelings for each other.

Write about:

- how Brontë presents Jane and Rochester's strong feelings in this extract
- how Brontë presents the ways that Jane and Rochester are affected by their strong feelings for each other in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

0 5 Mary Shelley: Frankenstein

or

Read the following extract from Chapter 10 of *Frankenstein* and then answer the question which follows.

In this extract, Frankenstein meets the monster for the first time since its creation.

As I said this, I suddenly beheld the figure of a man, at some distance, advancing towards me with superhuman speed. He bounded over the crevices in the ice, among which I had walked with caution; his stature, also, as he approached, seemed to exceed that of man. I was troubled: a mist came over 5 my eyes, and I felt a faintness seize me; but I was quickly restored by the cold gale of the mountains. I perceived, as the shape came nearer (sight tremendous and abhorred!) that it was the wretch whom I had created. I trembled with rage and horror, resolving to wait his approach, and then close with him in mortal combat. He approached; his countenance bespoke bitter anguish, combined with disdain and malignity, while its unearthly ugliness rendered it almost too 10 horrible for human eyes. But I scarcely observed this; rage and hatred had at first deprived me of utterance, and I recovered only to overwhelm him with words expressive of furious detestation and contempt. 'Devil,' I exclaimed, 'do you dare approach me? and do not you fear the fierce 15 vengeance of my arm wreaked on your miserable head? Begone, vile insect! or rather, stay, that I may trample you to dust! and, oh! that I could, with the extinction of your miserable existence, restore those victims whom you have so diabolically murdered!' 'I expected this reception,' said the dæmon. 'All men hate the wretched; how, 20 then, must I be hated, who am miserable beyond all living things! Yet you, my creator, detest and spurn me, thy creature, to whom thou art bound by ties only dissoluble by the annihilation of one of us. You purpose to kill me. How dare you sport thus with life? Do your duty towards me, and I will do mine towards you and the rest of mankind. If you will comply with my conditions, I will leave them and you at peace; but if you refuse, I will glut the maw of death, until it be satiated with the blood of your remaining friends.' 'Abhorred monster! fiend that thou art! the tortures of hell are too mild a vengeance for thy crimes. Wretched devil! you reproach me with your creation; come on, then, that I may extinguish the spark which I so negligently bestowed.' 30 My rage was without bounds; I sprang on him, impelled by all the feelings which can arm one being against the existence of another. He easily eluded me, and said -'Be calm! I entreat you to hear me, before you give vent to your hatred on my devoted head. Have I not suffered enough that you seek to increase my 35 misery?'

0 5

Starting with this extract, explore how Shelley presents the relationship between Frankenstein and the monster.

Write about:

- how Shelley presents the relationship between Frankenstein and the monster in this extract
- how Shelley presents the relationship between Frankenstein and the monster in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

0 6 Jane Austen: *Pride and Prejudice*

or

Read the following extract from Chapter 3 of *Pride and Prejudice* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Elizabeth meets Mr Darcy for the first time.

5	Elizabeth Bennet had been obliged, by the scarcity of gentlemen, to sit down for two dances; and during part of that time, Mr. Darcy had been standing near enough for her to overhear a conversation between him and Mr. Bingley, who came from the dance for a few minutes, to press his friend to join it. "Come, Darcy," said he, "I must have you dance. I hate to see you standing about by yourself in this stupid manner. You had much better dance."
10	"I certainly shall not. You know how I detest it, unless I am particularly acquainted with my partner. At such an assembly as this it would be insupportable. Your sisters are engaged, and there is not another woman in the room whom it would not be a punishment to me to stand up with." "I would not be so fastidious as you are," cried Mr. Bingley, "for a kingdom! Upon my honour, I never met with so many pleasant girls in my life as I have this
15	evening; and there are several of them you see uncommonly pretty." "You are dancing with the only handsome girl in the room," said Mr. Darcy, looking at the eldest Miss Bennet.
	"Oh! She is the most beautiful creature I ever beheld! But there is one of her sisters sitting down just behind you, who is very pretty, and I dare say very agreeable. Do let me ask my partner to introduce you."
20	"Which do you mean?" and turning round he looked for a moment at Elizabeth, till catching her eye, he withdrew his own and coldly said: "She is tolerable, but not handsome enough to tempt <i>me</i> ; I am in no humour at present to give consequence to young ladies who are slighted by other men. You had better return to your partner and enjoy her smiles, for you are wasting your time with me."
25	Mr. Bingley followed his advice. Mr. Darcy walked off; and Elizabeth remained with no very cordial feelings toward him. She told the story, however, with great spirit among her friends; for she had a lively, playful disposition, which delighted in anything ridiculous.

0 6 Starting with this extract, explore how far Austen presents Mr Darcy as a proud and prejudiced man.

Write about:

- how Austen presents Mr Darcy in this extract
- how far Austen presents Mr Darcy as a proud and prejudiced man in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

0 7 Arthur Conan Doyle: *The Sign of Four*

or

Read the following extract from Chapter 1 (The Science of Deduction) of *The Sign of Four* and then answer the question that follows.

In this extract, Holmes is talking to Watson about a French detective who asked for his help.

'Oh, he rates my assistance too highly,' said Sherlock Holmes lightly. 'He has considerable gifts himself. He possesses two out of the three qualities necessary for the ideal detective. He has the power of observation and that of deduction. He is only wanting in knowledge, and that may come in time. He is

- 5 now translating my small works into French.'
 - 'Your works?'

'Oh, didn't you know?' he cried, laughing. 'Yes, I have been guilty of several monographs. They are all upon technical subjects. Here, for example, is one "Upon the Distinction between the Ashes of the Various Tobaccos". In it I

10 enumerate a hundred and forty forms of cigar, cigarette, and pipe tobacco, with coloured plates illustrating the difference in the ash. It is a point which is continually turning up in criminal trials, and which is sometimes of supreme importance as a clue. If you can say definitely, for example, that some murder had been done by a man who was smoking an Indian *lunkah*, it obviously

15 narrows your field of search. To the trained eye there is as much difference between the black ash of a Trichinopoly and the white fluff of bird's-eye as there is between a cabbage and a potato.'

'You have an extraordinary genius for minutiae,' I remarked.

'I appreciate their importance. Here is my monograph upon the tracing of footsteps, with some remarks upon the uses of plaster of Paris as a preserver of impresses. Here, too, is a curious little work upon the influence of a trade upon the form of the hand, with lithotypes of the hands of slaters, sailors, cork-cutters, compositors, weavers, and diamond-polishers. That is a matter of great practical interest to the scientific detective – especially in cases of unclaimed bodies, or in

- 25 discovering the antecedents of criminals. But I weary you with my hobby.' 'Not at all,' I answered earnestly. 'It is of the greatest interest to me, especially since I have had the opportunity of observing your practical application of it. But you spoke just now of observation and deduction. Surely the one to some extent implies the other.'
- 30 'Why, hardly,' he answered, leaning back luxuriously in his armchair and sending up thick blue wreaths from his pipe. 'For example, observation shows me that you have been to the Wigmore Street Post-Office this morning, but deduction lets me know that when there you dispatched a telegram.'

'Right!' said I. 'Right on both points! But I confess that I don't see how youarrived at it. It was a sudden impulse upon my part, and I have mentioned it to no one.'

0 7 Starting with this extract, explore how Conan Doyle presents Holmes as an extraordinary detective.

Write about:

- how Conan Doyle presents Holmes in this extract
- how Conan Doyle presents Holmes as an extraordinary detective in the novel as a whole.

[30 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS

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