ST EDWARD'S OXFORD

16+ ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

For entry in September 2018

Geography

Time: 1 hour

Candidates Name: ....

Instructions to Candidates
- The paper is arranged in **4 sections, A, B, C and D**
- **Answer any two questions from sections A, B and C, and one question from section D**
- Section A, B and C are out of **18 marks**, section D is out of **7**.
- The topics for each section are as follows: -
  - o **Section A – Population and Settlement**
  - o **Section B – Coasts and Ecosystems**
  - o **Section C – Development and Environmental Risk**
  - o **Section D – Long answer responses** – choice of 6
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Inserts can be found at the back of the booklet.

Section A

Answer **one** question from this section.

QUESTION 1

1 **(a)** Study Fig. 1, which shows information about the birth and death rates of three countries in 2013.

Country	Birth rate (per 1000 of population)	Death rate (per 1000 of population)
Kuwait	20.9	2.1
South Africa	19.3	17.2
Vietnam	16.8	5.9

Fig. 1

(i) What is meant by *South Africa has a death rate of 17.2*?

....

....

.... [1]

(ii) Using Fig. 1, identify the following:

– the country with the lowest birth rate; ....

– the country with the highest rate of natural population growth. .... [2]

(iii) Give **three** reasons why death rates vary from country to country.

1 ....

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2 ....

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3 ....

.... [3]

(b) Study Figs. 2A and 2B, which show information about birth rates in Vietnam (an LEDC in South East Asia).
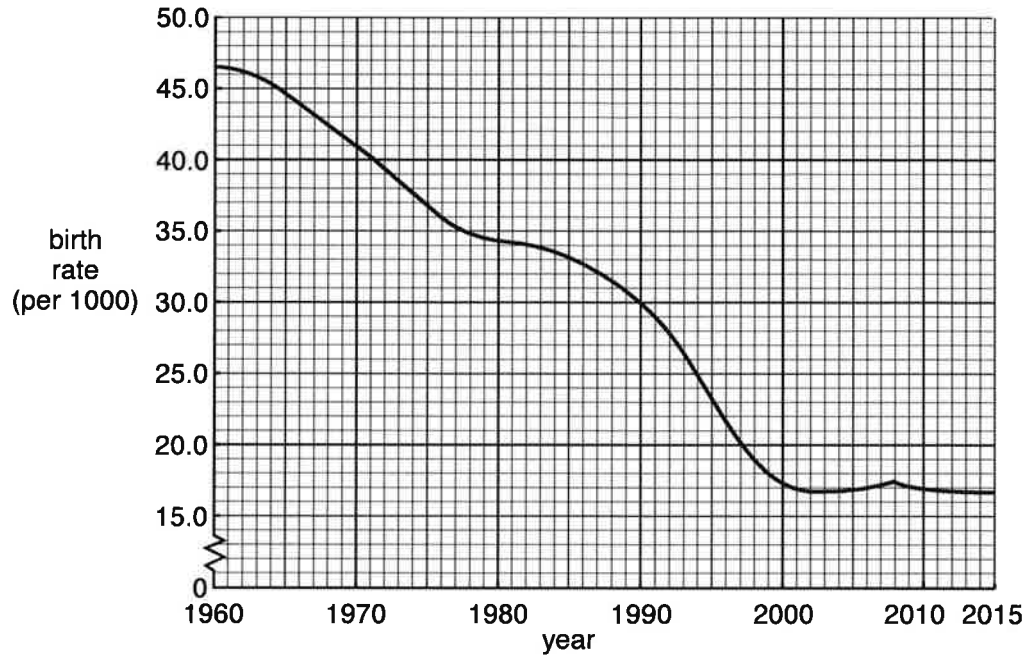
Fig. 2A

The communist government of Vietnam is penalising couples who have more than two children. In the early 1960s it imposed a two-child limit for couples and there have been campaigns to promote contraception and abortion in the country since 1997.

By 2000, the birth rate had been reduced considerably by the use of fines and confiscation of land. The original policy ended in 2003 but was revived in 2008 after an increase in the birth rate.

Villagers in Thua Thien-Hue province are being fined for having more than two children under the government two-child policy. Catherine Pham Thi Thanh, 44, said that since 1996 she has been fined a total of 3800 kilograms of rice for having six children. This is a great loss for the family which makes an annual profit of only 700 kilograms of rice from their farm.

Fig. 2B

(i) Using Fig. 2A **only**, describe the reduction in the birth rate of Vietnam between 1960 and 2015. Include statistics in your answer.

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.... [3]

(ii) Suggest how government policies and other factors may have reduced Vietnam's birth rate.

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(iii) Explain why the governments of some MEDCs are now concerned that birth rates are too low in their countries.

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.... [5]

QUESTION 2

2 (a) Study Fig. 3, which shows information about four areas of rural settlement in Malta (an MEDC in Europe).

Key
- ■ building
- ⌒ field boundaries
- ⌍ roads

0   200   400
metres
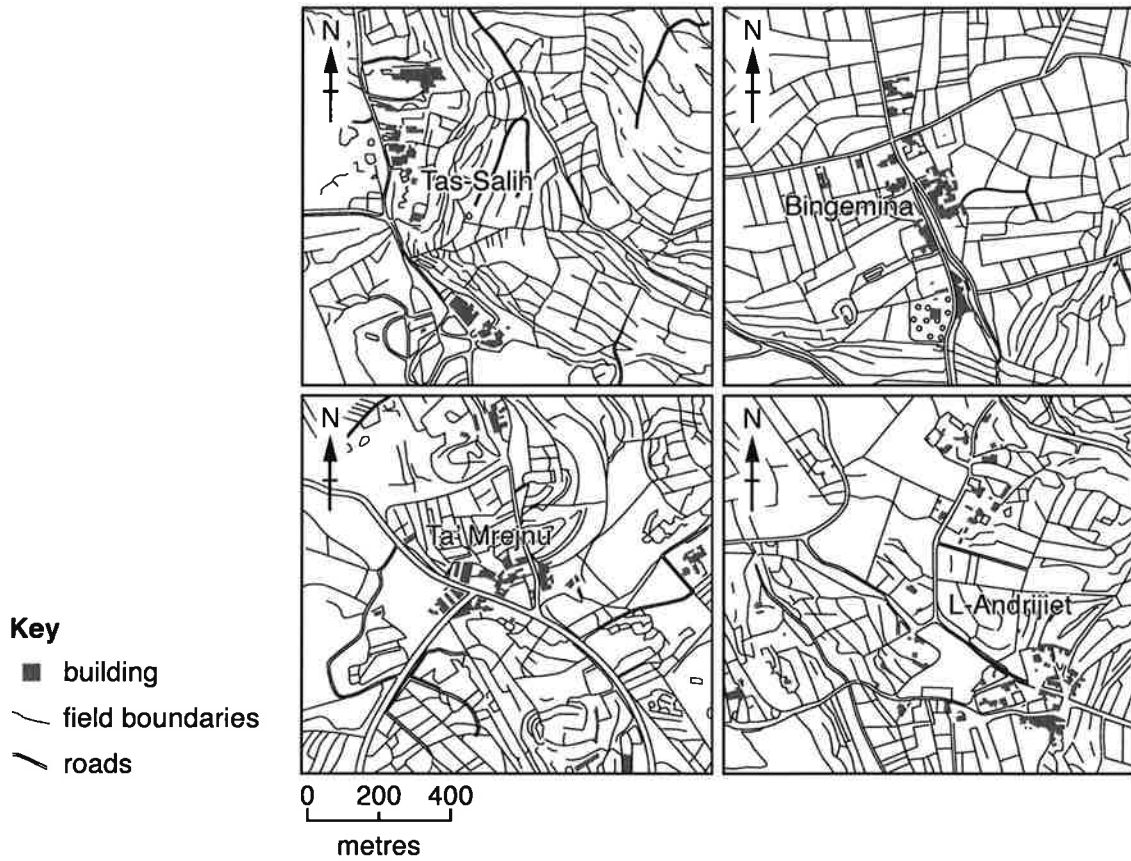
Fig. 3

(i) What is meant by a *rural* settlement?

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.... [1]

(ii) Use evidence from Fig. 3 **only**, to identify **two** similarities between the settlements of Tas-Salih and Bingemina.

1 ....

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2 ....

.... [2]

(iii) Describe the main features of an area of dispersed rural settlement such as L-Andrijiet.

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.... [3]

(iv) Suggest reasons for the growth of a nucleated settlement such as Ta' Mrejnu.

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.... [4]

(b) Study Figs. 4A and 4B, which show information about Llanelli, an urban settlement in the UK, in 1850 and 2000.

1850
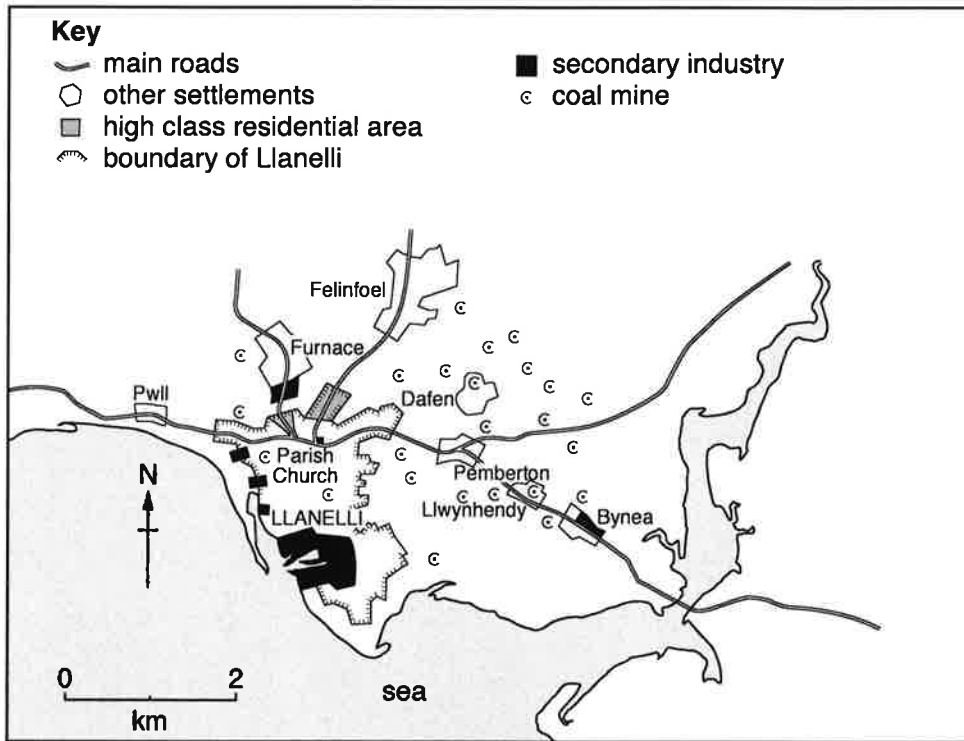
Fig. 4A

2000
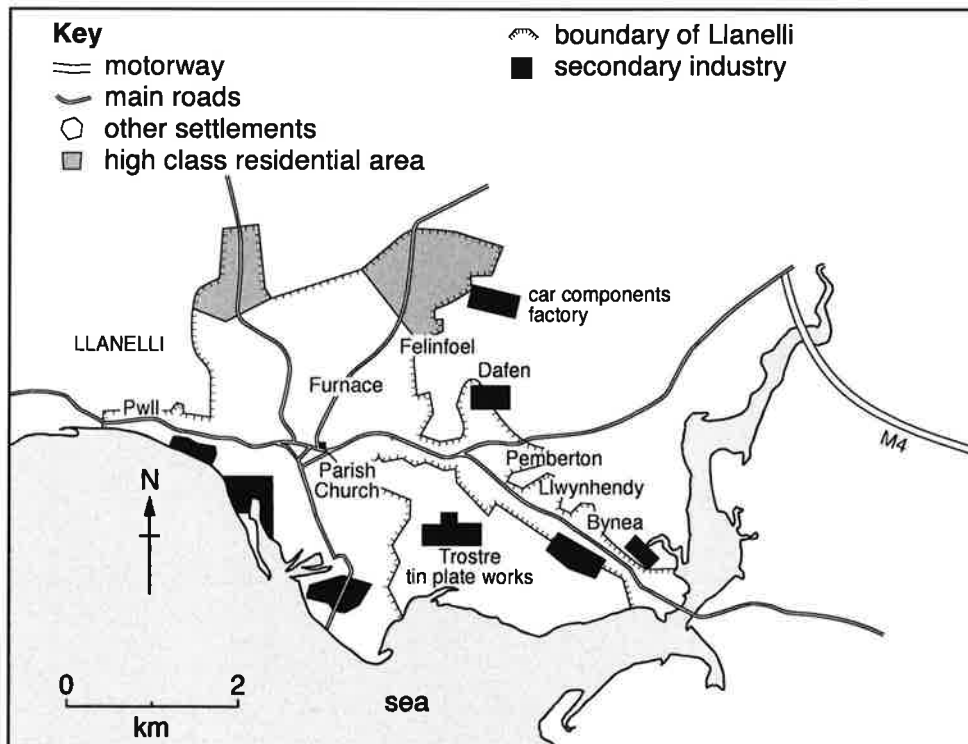
Fig. 4B

(i) Using evidence from Figs. 4A and 4B **only**, describe the main changes which have taken place in Llanelli between 1850 and 2000.

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.... [3]

(ii) Suggest reasons for Llanelli's function as an industrial town.

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.... [5]

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section.

QUESTION 3

3 **(a)** Study Photograph A (Insert), which shows a beach where coastal deposition is taking place.

    (i) What is meant by *coastal deposition*?

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.... [1]

    (ii) The waves shown on Photograph A are constructive waves. Describe **two** characteristics of constructive waves.

1 ....

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2 ....

.... [2]

    (iii) Use the labelling on Photograph A to explain how longshore drift occurs.

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.... [3]

(iv) Spits are formed by longshore drift.

Describe the main features of a spit.

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.... [4]

(b) Study Photograph B (Insert), which shows an area where coastal erosion is taking place.

(i) Give **three** pieces of evidence that coastal erosion has occurred in the area shown by Photograph B.

1 ....

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2 ....

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3 ....

.... [3]

(ii) Explain why coastal erosion is much more rapid on some coasts than others.

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QUESTION 4

4 **(a)** Study Fig. 7, which shows the location of areas of Equatorial climate.
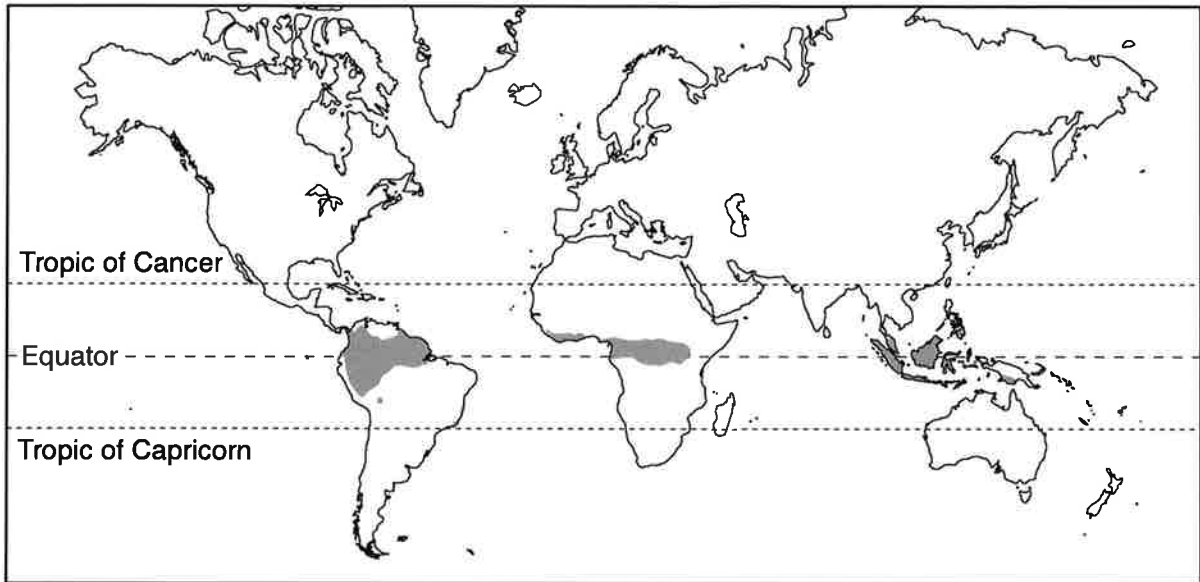
Key
☐ Equatorial climate

Fig. 7

(i) Name an area of Equatorial climate.

....[1]

(ii) Using Fig. 7, describe the global distribution of the Equatorial climate.

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....[2]

(iii) Describe and explain the main characteristics of the Equatorial climate.

    A Description

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    ....[3]

    B Explanation

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    ....[4]

(b) Study Fig. 8, which shows information about deforestation of tropical rainforests.
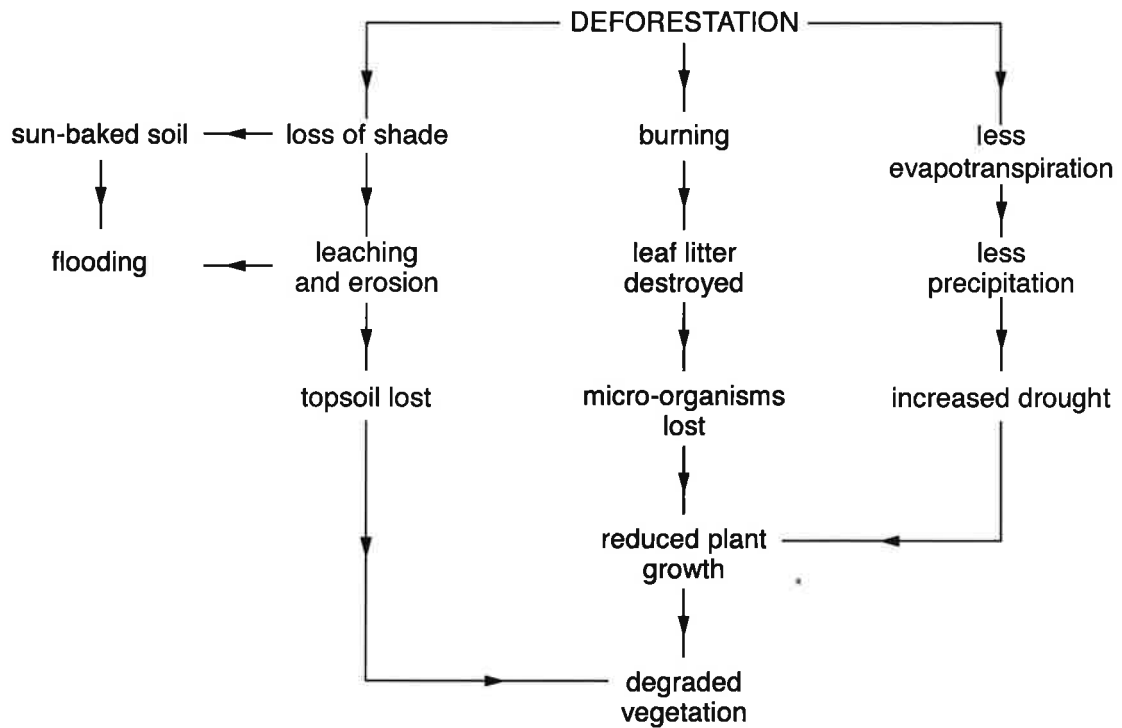
Fig. 8

(i) Using Fig. 8 **only**, explain how deforestation damages local ecosystems.

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....[3]

(ii) Explain how deforestation of tropical rainforests can have global effects on the natural environment.

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....[5]

Section C

Answer **one** question from this section.

QUESTION 5

5 **(a)** Study Fig. 7 (Insert), a map showing the Human Development Index (HDI).

(i) Put the following countries in rank order according to their HDI.

Brazil   Canada   China   Sudan

1st .... highest

2nd ....

3rd ....

4th .... lowest   [1]

(ii) Describe the main differences in HDI between North and South America.

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.... [2]

(iii) Explain why HDI is a good measure of development.

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.... [3]

(iv) Explain why there are differences in levels of development between countries.

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.... [4]

(b) Study Fig. 8, which shows indicators of development for selected countries in Africa.

Country	Life expectancy (years)	Energy use per person (kg. of oil equivalent)	Number of doctors (per 100 000 people)	Adult literacy (percentage)
Angola	55	606	8	67
Egypt	73	735	212	58
Ethiopia	61	299	3	43
Kenya	64	494	13	85
South Africa	50	2587	69	87
Tanzania	61	465	2	78
Uganda	54	776	5	70

Fig. 8

(i) Identify the country which:

– has the lowest percentage of people who can read and write;

....

– is likely to have the poorest access to a doctor;

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– has the lowest energy use per person.

.... [3]

(ii) Which country, listed in Fig. 8, do you consider has the highest level of development? Justify your answer.

Country ....

Justification ....

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QUESTION 6

6 **(a)** Study Fig. 9, which shows information about economic activities and threats to the natural environment.
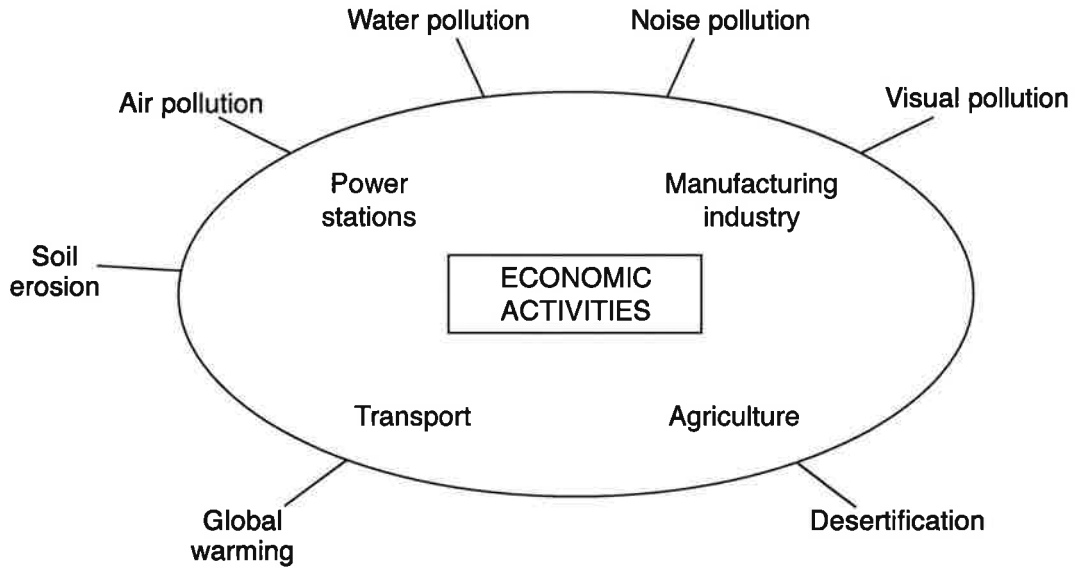
Fig. 9

(i) What is meant by *visual pollution*?

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.... [1]

(ii) Suggest **two** ways in which agriculture may cause soil erosion.

1 ....

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2 ....

.... [2]

(iii) Name **three** different economic activities shown in Fig. 9 and explain how each one may pollute water.

Economic activity 1 ....

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Economic activity 2 ....

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Economic activity 3 ....

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.... [3]

(iv) Explain how the economic activities shown in Fig. 9 may cause global warming.

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(b) Study Fig. 10, which shows advice about conservation of natural resources.

Fig. 10

(i) Explain how following the advice given in Fig. 10 can help to conserve natural resources.

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.... [3]

(ii) Explain the importance of conserving natural resources and the natural environment.

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Section D

You need to answer one question from this section.
You have a choice of 6 questions.
Each question is worth 7 marks.

(c) For a named country you have studied, describe the problems caused by over-population.

Name of country ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 1

(c) For a named area you have studied, describe the hierarchy of service provision.

Name of area ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 2

(c) For a named area of coast you have studied, explain what is being done to manage coastal erosion.

Name of area ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 3

(c) For a named area of hot desert you have studied, describe and explain the characteristics of its natural vegetation.

Name of hot desert ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 4

 [Turn over

(c) For a country you have studied, describe the positive and negative impacts of a named transnational corporation being located there.

Name of country ....

Name of transnational corporation ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 5

 [Turn over

(c) For a named country or area you have studied, describe how energy is supplied.

Name of country ....

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[Total: 25 marks]

END OF QUESTION 6

Photograph A for Question 3

Photograph B for Question 3

Fig. 7 for Question 5

Human Development Index (HDI)